BV (6/CBCS) MLT/MDT VE 1

2024

MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNICIAN/ MEDICAL LAB AND MOLECULAR DIAGNOSTIC TECHNOLOGY

Job Role: Histotechnician

Paper: MLT-VE-6016/MDT-VE-6016

(Microbiology-V)

Full Marks: 60

Time: 3 hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

1. F	ll in the bla	anks :	×7=7 5
(0) Swarming	g of <i>Proteus</i> can be inhibited by	d'y
(I) Blue pus	is seen in infection with	soudents of its
(0	is a Mycobacte	terium species.	
(6) The who Bordetella	nooping cough caused by a pertussis is known as	Mocardia
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9 Take (80 (121) VE ____ is a normal microflora of upper respiratory tract. _____fluorescent dye is used in fluorescent microscopy. Dark-field microscopy utilizes *(g)* different type of diaphragm which is known as __

2. Answer the following questions:

 $2 \times 4 = 8$

- Name two gram-negative bacteria and diseases caused by them.
- (b) What is the principle of reverse transcriptase PCR?
- Mention different stages of meningo-(c) coccal infection.
- (d) Which specimens are used to diagnose pneumococci infection?

Answer any three of the following questions:

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Give a comparison of UTI caused by E. coli and Proteus.

(b) How will you demonstrate M. tuberculosis in sputum?

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(Continued)

- (C) Write a note on 'Dienes Phenomenon'.
- (d) Compare Gonorrhoea infection in male and female.
- Write down the morphology and growth of the server requirements of pneumococci.
- Answer the following questions:

(a) What do you mean by in vitro replication process? State the role of Taq polymerase in molecular cloning. Write a note on the principle, methodology and applications of PCR. 1+1+2+4+2=10

Or

Draw a labelled diagram of a compound microscope and give a brief description of various components of a microscope. 10

Write down the principles of bright-field (b) and dark-field microscopy. Give a detailed comparison of bright-field and dark-field microscopy. 3+7=10

What are various pneumonia causing organisms? Write in detail about one pneumonia causing organism. 2+8=10

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(c) Write briefly about morphology, cultural characteristics, pathogenesis and lab diagnosis of meningococci.

10

Or

What is the mode of infection of *M. tuber-culosis*? What do you mean by latent TB infection? Give a brief description of primary complex in *M. tuberculosis*.

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